## PATENT SPECIFICATION

1.015,396

NO DRAWINGS

L015.396

Date of Application and filing Complete Specification: Oct. 2, 1962. No. 37319/62.

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Index at acceptance:—C2 U(2, 3, 4A2, 4B1, 4B2, 4C4, 4C5, 4C9, 4X); C2 C(1E3K4, 1E3K6, 3A10E4C, 3A10E5F1C, 3A10E5F2A, 3A10E5F3A)

Int. OL:-C 07 c // C 07 d

1

# COMPLETE SPECIFICATION Steroid Compounds

#### **ERRATA**

SPECIFICATION No. 1,015,396 Amendment No. 1

Page 1, line 21, for "ammonia" read "ammonium"

Page 1, lines 53—54, for "gluccpyransoyl" read "glucopyranosyl"

Page 2, line 101, for "acid" read "acids"

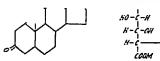
Page 4, Expt. No. 12, for "16a" read "17a"

Page 6, line 56, for "-lucopyransid)" read "-glucopyransid)"

Page 10, line 105, for "pyrazale" read "pyrazalo"

Page 11, line 38, for "at" read "to"

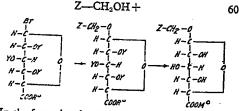
The Patent Office 28th February 1966



where R is keto or β-hydroxy and M is a hydrogen atom, an atom of an alkali metal, an equivalent of an alkaline-earth metal, or ammonia and choline, or basic amino acid, salts of these compounds in which M is hydrogen, which compounds contain a double bond in the 1 and/or 4 position with or without a double bond in the 6-position and optionally further substituted in Rings A, B, C and D of the steroid nucleus.

The invention is also concerned with the processes for preparing these glucuronide compounds and with pharmaceutical compositions containing them. These novel 21-glucuronides, while possessing the anti-inflammatory activity characteristic of cortisone, differ from cortisone, hydrocortisone, and their \(\Delta^1\text{-derivatives}\), prednisone and prednisolone, in being remarkably free from the ulcerogenic action, adrenal atrophy, thymus involution and bodyweight-loss side-effects which have received

These reactions may be chemically represented as follows:



In the foregoing formula, Y is an acyl radical, R° is an alkyl or benzyl radical, M° is an atom of an alkali metal or an equivalent of an alkaline-earth metal, and Z- represents a steroid nucleus

NO DRAWINGS

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Int. CL:—C 07 c // C 07 d

#### COMPLETE SPECIFICATION

### Steroid Compounds

We, MERCK & Co. Inc., a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of New Jersey, United States of America, of Rahway, New Jersey, United States of America, do hereby declare the invention for which we pray that a patent may be granted to us, and the method by which it is to be performed, to be particularly described in and by the following statement:

This invention is concerned generally with novel steroid glucuronides and processes of preparing them.

The invention provides 21-glucuronide derivatives of steroids of the pregnane series having the formula:

where R is keto or  $\beta$ -hydroxy and M is a hydrogen atom, an atom of an alkali metal, an equivalent of an alkaline-earth metal, or ammonia and choline, or basic amino acid, salts of these compounds in which M is hydrogen, which compounds contain a double bond in the 1 and/or 4 position with or without a double bond in the 6-position and optionally further substituted in Rings A, B, C and D of the steroid nucleus.

The invention is also concerned with the processes for preparing these glucuronide compounds and with pharmaceutical compositions containing them. These novel 21-glucuronides, while possessing the anti-inflammatory activity characteristic of cortisone, differ from cortisone, hydrocortisone, and their  $\Delta^1$ -derivatives, prednisone and prednisolone, in being remarkably free from the ulcerogenic action, adrenal atrophy, thymus involution and bodyweight-loss side-effects which have resulted from prolonged administration of the aforementioned anti-inflammatory steroids.

In accordance with the present invention 40 the novel steroid 21-glucuronides are prepared by reacting the corresponding steroid 21-free alcohol compound with an alkyl or benzyl (tri-O - acyl - α - D - glucopyranosyl)bromide)uronate to form the corresponding alkyl or benzyl (steroid - 21 - yl - tri - O - acyl -  $\beta$ - D - glucopyranosid) - uronate which is then reacted with an alkaline hydrolysing agent derived from an alkali metal or an alkalineearth metal, thereby forming the corresponding salt of the steroid 21-glucuronide.

The steroid is preferably reacted with methyl (tri - O - acetyl - a - D - gluco-pyransoyl bromide) - uronate to form methyl (steroid - 21 - yl - tri - O - acetyl -  $\beta$  - Dglucopyranosid) - uronate which then is reacted with the alkaline hydrolysing agent.

These reactions may be chemically represented as follows:

In the foregoing formula, Y is an acyl radical, R° is an alkyl or benzyl radical, M° is an atom of an alkali metal or an equivalent of an alkaline-earth metal, and Z- represents a steroid nucleus

where R is as defined above and that contains